

The Syllabus for M.Phil / Ph.D entrance (Economics) examination 2016-17.

Micro Economics

1. **Theory of Demand** -: Marshall- Indifference Curve Techniques, revealed preference theory of demand- Modern utility theory of Demand.
2. **Theory of Value** -: Theory of product pricing under different market conditions- theory of factor pricing under different market conditions.
3. **Theory of Welfare**- : classical, Pareto, modern theories of welfare including Amarthysen's theory of welfare.

Macro Economics

4. **Theory of income and employment**:-: classical school –Keynesian theory of income and employment. Alternative theory of consumption behaviour.
5. **Quantity theory of money**:-: Classical, Keynesian and post Keynesian approaches, IS & LM curves, investment function MEC and its determinants, Multiplier and Acceleration.
6. **Theory of inflation (General Price)** -: Demand full-cost push theories. Keynesian approaches, Philips curve.
7. **Macro Economic Policy Issues** -: Monetary and fiscal policy issues in India.

Economics of Growth and Development

8. Growth Models of H-D models, John Robinson, Kaldor, others.
9. Balanced and unbalanced growth theory, Nurkse and Hirschman, Big push theory, Low level Equilibrium trap.
10. **Sectoral impacts of Development**:-: Issues related to agriculture and service sector in India.
11. Growth of National Income in issues.

Indian Economy

12. **Five year planning in India** -: Changing features of Indian Economy- HDI, Man power resources, unemployment and Poverty, Socio-economic infrastructural facilities and issues, structural issues in Indian Economy, pre and post economic reforms regime in India- India and WTO.
13. **Agriculture in India**:-: Production – production and marketing, pricing policy, - land Reforms and land holdings, Agriculture credit.

International Economics

14. Theories of Trade- classical and modern- technology and International Trade- trade policies- Terms of Trade- Custom Union, GATT –WTO – TRIPS- TRIMS and other issues. Theories of Balance of Payments- Foreign Exchange market-International Capital Market- International linkages in Open Economy- International Financial Institutions.


REGISTRAR
GULBURGA UNIVERSITY
KALABURAGI - KARNATAKA


Chairman
P.G. Deptt. of Studies & Research in Economics
Gulbarga University, KALABURAGI-585106
Karnataka State P.T.O.

Public Economics

15. Role of Govt. – Functions and Budget Policy, allocation, distribution, Stabilisation- Market failure- Market imperfections- Public goods, Externalities- Tibon Model, Theory of Club goods. Theory of Public choice- Theories of Public expenditure.
16. Theory of Incidence – Theory of Taxation- Indian Tax System - VAT and GST- theories of Public Debt sustainability and repayment - fiscal federation – Finance commissions.

Quantitative Methods / Statistics, Mathematics

17. Introduction to QT in Economics. Integral Calculus and its applications in Economics- Matrices
18. Statistical methods in economics- Mean, Median, Mode, Standard deviation, Co- relation, Regression, Index numbers and time series.

Industrial Economics

19. Theories of Industrial location- Industrial Policy- industrial finance- Industry and Development.

Environmental Economics

20. Theory limits to growth – Theories of exhaustible resources- environmental degradation-environmental protection policies- environment regulation and Accounts- Environment and ecosystem- global warming – green house effect.

Rural Development

21. Rural development in India-Approaches to rural development Gandhian approach, community Development approach- area development approach – Rural development programmes in India since independence- poverty and unemployment in rural India.

Labour Economics

22. Theories of migration – Todaro's model and other models - Industrial relation- VRS- Man power planning- Labour unions, Labour commissions. Theories of Wages- Imperfections in Labour Market- Bonus- Wages disputes settlements, Management Mechanism. Wage Policy WPM- Labour legislations, labour management. Women labour Market- Organised and unorganized labour market. Wage discriminations.

Karnataka Economy

23. Human Development in Karnataka- Agriculture development in Karnataka. Regional disparities in Karnataka. IT and BT in Karnataka. Poverty in Karnataka (Urban Rural) Article 371 (J) and its implications.


REGISTRAR
GULBARGA UNIVERSITY
KALABURAGI - KARNATAKA


Chairman
P.G. Deptt. of Studies & Research in Economics
Gulbarga University, KALABURAGI-585106
Ku - 15a/5/19